

Multidisciplinary management of patients with MIBC

Moderator: Maria De Santis

Presenters: Ananya Choudhury – Alexandra Drakaki – Tobias Klatter

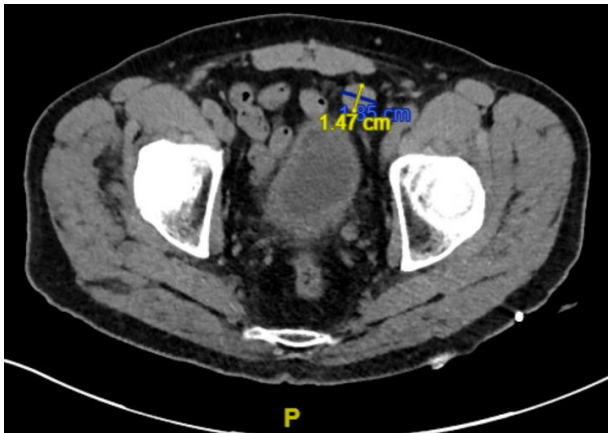
A red banner at the bottom of the slide contains several faint, white line-art icons. These include a classical building with a dome, a person in a dynamic pose, a laurel wreath, a classical building with columns, a stringed instrument (possibly a lute or guitar), a classical building with a pediment, a classical helmet, and a classical urn.

Conflicts of interest

- Maria De Santis
 - Receipt of honoraria or consultation fees: AAA, Accord, Amgen, Astellas, AstraZeneca, Basilea, Bayer, Bioclin, BMS, Eisai, Exelixis, Ferring, Immunomedics/Gilead, Ipsen, Janssen, MSD, Merck, Novartis, Pfizer, Pierre Fabre Oncology, Roche, Sandoz, Sanofi, SeaGen
- Ananya Choudhury
 - Research funding: CRUK, PCUK, MRC, NIHR, PCUK, Elekta AB; honoraria: Bayer PLC, Janssen, AZ, ASTRO, ASCO, Roche, Merck; editor in chief: BMJ Oncology
- Alexandra Drakaki
 - Receipt of grants/research supports: KITE Pharma
 - Receipt of honoraria or consultation fees: Astra Zeneca
 - Advisory Boards: Genentech-Roche, SeaGen, Astra Zeneca, AVIO, Exelixis, Janssen, Merck, PACT Pharma, Nektar, Infinity
- Tobias Klatte
 - Receipt of honoraria or consultation fees: Pfizer, Merck, Bristol-Myers Squibb

Real world patient case: 72 yo male with haematuria

Patient characteristics	Feb 2021	Feb 2021	What's next?
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• ECOG PS: 0• GFR: 32 ml/min• Medical history: diabetes, rectal cancer 20 years ago post chemoRT	<p>Haematuria work-up</p> <p>CT Urogram</p> <p>At least cT3N1M0 with left-sided hydronephrosis</p> <p>TURBT histology</p> <p>Poorly differentiated invasive UC of the bladder and infiltration of the muscle layer: at least pT3</p>	<p>Staging</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Locally advanced bladder tumour with regional isolated node• cT3N1M0	



How would you approach this patient?

- A. Immediate RC followed by systemic therapy if available
- B. Nephrostomy tube placement hoping for kidney function recovery followed by cisplatin-based neoadjuvant chemotherapy
- C. Trimodality therapy for bladder preservation
- D. Carboplatin- or IO-based neoadjuvant therapy followed by cystectomy
- E. Clinical trial if available



How would you approach this patient?

A. Immediate RC followed by systemic therapy if available

Adjuvant chemotherapy/immunotherapy?

B. Nephrostomy tube placement hoping for kidney function recovery followed by cisplatin-based neoadjuvant chemotherapy

C. Trimodality therapy for bladder preservation

D. Carboplatin- or IO-based neoadjuvant therapy followed by cystectomy

E. Clinical trial if available

How would you approach this patient?

- A. Immediate RC followed by systemic therapy if available
- B. Nephrostomy tube placement hoping for kidney function recovery followed by cisplatin-based neoadjuvant chemotherapy**
What cut-off to use for cisplatin? Split dose cisplatin?
- C. Trimodality therapy for bladder preservation
- D. Carboplatin- or IO-based neoadjuvant therapy followed by cystectomy
- E. Clinical trial if available

How would you approach this patient?

- A. Immediate RC followed by systemic therapy if available
- B. Nephrostomy tube placement hoping for kidney function recovery followed by cisplatin-based neoadjuvant chemotherapy
- C. Trimodality therapy for bladder preservation**
What is best agent if GFR <40 ml/min? If GFR>40 ml/min? If GFR>60 ml/min?
- D. Carboplatin- or IO-based neoadjuvant therapy followed by cystectomy
- E. Clinical trial if available

How would you approach this patient?

- A. Immediate RC followed by systemic therapy if available
- B. Nephrostomy tube placement hoping for kidney function recovery followed by cisplatin-based neoadjuvant chemotherapy
- C. Trimodality therapy for bladder preservation
- D. Carboplatin- or IO-based neoadjuvant therapy followed by cystectomy**
PURE-01, ABACUS, non-cisplatin-based neoadjuvant trials
- E. Clinical trial if available

How would you approach this patient?

No One Can
Do Everything,
But Everyone
Can Do Something

- A. Immediate RC followed by systemic therapy if available
- B. Nephrostomy tube placement hoping for kidney function recovery followed by cisplatin-based neoadjuvant chemotherapy
- C. Trimodality therapy for bladder preservation
- D. Carboplatin- or IO-based neoadjuvant therapy followed by cystectomy
- E. Clinical trial if available**
International trials in the neoadjuvant cisplatin-(in)eligible setting

Real world patient case: 72 yo male with haematuria

- Underwent nephrostomy tube placement without kidney function recovery
- Enrolled into the neoadjuvant cisplatin ineligible clinical trial “VOLGA” and started on durvalumab + tremelimumab + enfortumab vedotin * 3 cycles
 - Had downstaging to TaN1M0 (residual disease in node was 0.3 cm)
 - Adjuvant immunotherapy was offered as part of the trial